

Wednesday, April 1, 2009 • 6:30 p.m.

## Kings

Since the historical and chronological pathways of 1 and 2 Kings are so closely interrelated, it is important to consider these two books together in our overview.

In 1 Kings, we learn of the reign of David's son, Solomon, over all Israel. This kingdom later divides. Israel, the northern kingdom, consists of ten tribes with a capitol in Samaria. Judah, the southern kingdom, consists of two tribes with Jerusalem as the capitol. Following this division, 2 Kings records the collapse and captivity of each of these kingdoms.

1 and 2 Kings give records of the many rulers who rose up to lead the people of God. Some brought heal-

ing, restoration and blessings, while others participated in corrupt practices and sinful alliances that led to the fall and captivity of the Jews.

In these books of national history, we learn of the perils of affluence, the perversion of compromise, and the penalty of sin against God. We see many men rise and fall as national leaders as we observe God's faithful rebuke and appeal for restoration in the voice of His prophets. The prophets and their messages will be studied in a fuller fashion in coming weeks, but for now, our objective is to gain a sense of perspective on all that is recorded in the books of Kings.

Integrated Outline (Samuel—Chronicles)I. Genealogies1 Chronicles 1–10II. Eli and Samuel1 Samuel 1–7III. Samuel and Saul1 Samuel 8-15IV. Saul and David1 Samuel 16–31V. David2 Samuel–1 Kings 2:121 Chronicles 11–29	<ul> <li>God restores and renews <u>weary</u></li> <li><u>servants</u> 1 Kings 19</li> <li>There is a <u>payday someday</u></li> <li>1 Kings 17</li> </ul>
VI. Solomon       1 Kings 2:13–11:43; 2 Chron. 1–9         VII. Divided Kingdom       1 Kings 12–22; 2 Chron. 10–20         VIII. Elijah and Elisha       2 Kings 1–8; 2 Chron. 21:1–22:6         IX. Jehu to the Fall of Judah       2 Kings 9–17; 2 Chron. 22:7-28         X. Judah       2 Kings 18–25; 2 Chron. 29–36	Talking Points         1. The <u>Real Estate</u> Request         1 Kings 21:1-2         2. The <u>Pouting</u> Potentate
<ul> <li>Condensed Outline of Kings*</li> <li>1. The Years of Strength—The United Kingdom (1 Kings 1–12:19)</li> <li>A. The Death of David 1 Kings 1:1–2:10</li> <li>B. The Days of Solomon 1 Kings 2:11–11:43</li> <li>C. The Decree of Rehoboam 1 Kings 12:1-19</li> <li>II. The Years of Struggle—The Divided Kingdom (1 Kings 12:20–2 Kings 17:41)</li> <li>A. Israel: Jereboam to Hoshea</li> <li>B. Judah: Rehoboam to Ahaz</li> <li>III. The Years of Storm—The Surviving Kingdom (2 Kings 18–25)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>1 Kings 21:4</li> <li>3. The <u>Wicked</u> Wife</li> <li>4. A <u>Message Meaning Murder</u> 1 Kings 21:8-10</li> <li>5. The <u>Fatal</u> Fast</li> <li>6. The Visit to the <u>Vineyard</u> 1 Kings 21:16</li> <li>7. The <u>Alarming</u> Appearance 1 Kings 21:17-19</li> </ol>
Applied Insights From the Kings <ul> <li>God is at work in all aspects of <u>human</u></li> <li><u>history</u></li> </ul> <li>A <u>stern warning</u> against <u>spiritual erosion</u>. 1 Kings 2:1-3</li>	8. <u>Payday</u> Itself! Ahab—1 Kings 22:34-35, 38 Jezebel—2 Kings 9:16-26
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